



UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER OF PATENTS AND TRADEMARKS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandra, Viginia 22313-1450

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/223,558	12/31/1998	GREGORY LINDHORST	3797.77996	1430
28319	7590 05/20/2003			
BANNER & WITCOFF LTD.,			EXAMINER	
ATTORNEYS FOR MICROSOFT 1001 G STREET , N.W. ELEVENTH STREET WASHINGTON, DC 20001-4597			но, тне т	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
WASHINGTO	511, DC 20001 1357		2126	18
			DATE MAILED: 05/20/2003	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

			PRY
		Application No.	Applicant(s)
		09/223,558	LINDHORST ET AL.
Office Action Summary		Examiner	Art Unit
		The Thanh Ho	2126
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication ap or Reply	pears on the cover sheet w	ith the correspondence address
THE I - External after - If the - If NO - Failu - Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. nsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. e period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period are to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statut reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing adapting term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	136(a). In no event, however, may a ply within the statutory minimum of thin a will apply and will expire SIX (6) MOI te, cause the application to become A	reply be timely filed ty (30) days will be considered timely. NTHS from the maiting date of this communication. BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 2/2	<u>27/2003</u> .	
2a) <u></u> ☐	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ T	his action is non-final.	
3)	Since this application is in condition for allow closed in accordance with the practice under		
Disposit	ion of Claims		
4)🖂	Claim(s) 1-9 is/are pending in the application	1.	
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra	awn from consideration.	
5)	Claim(s) is/are allowed.		
6)⊠	Claim(s) 1-9 is/are rejected.		
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.		
8)[Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/	or election requirement.	
Applicat	ion Papers		
9)[The specification is objected to by the Examin	er.	
10)	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acce	epted or b) objected to by	the Examiner.
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the	he drawing(s) be held in abey	ance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
11)	The proposed drawing correction filed on	_ is: a)□ approved b)□ ∈	disapproved by the Examiner.
	If approved, corrected drawings are required in re	eply to this Office action.	
12)	The oath or declaration is objected to by the E	xaminer.	
Priority (under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120		
13)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig	gn priority under 35 U.S.C.	§ 119(a)-(d) or (f).
a)	☐ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:		
	1. Certified copies of the priority documen	nts have been received.	
	2. Certified copies of the priority documen	nts have been received in /	Application No
* (3. Copies of the certified copies of the price application from the International B See the attached detailed Office action for a lis	Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	
14) 🔲 A	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domes	stic priority under 35 U.S.C	§ 119(e) (to a provisional application).
	a) The translation of the foreign language procedures Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domes	• •	
Attachmen	ıt(s)		
2) Notic	ce of References Cited (PTO-892) ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	5) D Notice of	Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)

Art Unit: 2126

DETAILED ACTION

In view of the appeal brief filed on 2-27-2003, PROSECUTION IS HEREBY REOPENED. Responsive to Applicant's arguments, new grounds of rejection are set forth below.

To avoid abandonment of the application, appellant must exercise one of the following two options:

- (1) file a reply under 37 CFR 1.111 (if this Office action is non-final) or a reply under 37 CFR 1.113 (if this Office action is final); or,
 - (2) request reinstatement of the appeal.

If reinstatement of the appeal is requested, such request must be accompanied by a supplemental appeal brief, but no new

amendments, affidavits (37 CFR 1.130, 1.131 or 1.132) or other evidence are permitted. See 37 CFR 1.193(b)(2).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person

Art Unit: 2126

having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

3. Claims 1-2 and 5-7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Dale U.S Patent No. 6,272,673 in view of Admitted Prior Arts (APA).

As to claim 1, Dale discloses a system for transporting objects (Fig.3) between a first (server 24a, Fig. 3) and second machine (client 20a, Fig. 3) where the first machine is programmed in a first language and the second machine is programmed in a second language (may alternatively be implemented in another object-oriented language, line 24-25 column 6), a memory (11, and 12, Fig. 2) for storing code; a first processor (10, Fig. 2) on the first machine (server 24a, Fig. 3) for executing code and instantiating an object on the first machine (causes component 64 to be instantiated and executed on the application server 24a, line 21-22 column 12); outputting the object to the second machine (application server 24a provides the HTML page 62 to the client 20a, line 17-18 column 12); after the object is output from the first machine, the first processor deletes (explicitly destroyed, line 55 column 13) the instantiation of the object (the component becomes no longer instantiated, line 54-55 column 13) from the first machine. However, Dale does not explicitly disclose the persistence information of the object.

APA discloses a system of transporting objects between two machines wherein the persistence information is associated with the object (page state travel with the page to the client, lines 3-7 page 6). It would have been obvious to apply the teachings of APA to the system of Dale because this provides maintaining session and application state information.

Application/Control Number: 09/223,558

Art Unit: 2126

As to claim 2, Dale as modified further discloses a second processor (10, Fig. 2) on the second machine (client 20a, Fig. 3) for receiving the object with persistence information (receives a requested HTML page, line 18 column 10) and allowing interaction with the object (the clients 20a detects an applet tag for a component, the browser instantiates the component in step 603, line 18-20 column 10), the interaction creating events (note two-ways communication arrows between objects of Fig. 7, and line 30-49 column 10).

As to claim 5, note the discussions of claims 1-2 above. Dale as modified further discloses a first object representation (a component, line 19 column 10); and event information (604, and 605, Fig. 6) relating to interaction with the object.

As to claims 6-7, note the discussions of claims 1-2 above.

4. Claims 3 and 8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Dale in view of APA, and further in view of Chang U.S Patent No 5,960,436.

As to claim 3, Dale as modified above does not explicitly disclose the limitations in claim 3. Chang teaches an output of a machine (client, line 7 column 2) for outputting the events and the objects with the persistence information (a record of the transaction and of the modified object, line 8-9 column 2) to the other machine (the server, line 13 column 2), wherein the other machine reinstantiates the objects (written back, line 12 column 2) based on the persistence information and handles the events (sent to the server, and replayed on the server, line 11-12 column 2) as effecting the reinstantiated objects (modified objects, line 12 column 2). It would have been obvious to apply the teachings of Chang to the system of Dale because after the object was being modified

Application/Control Number: 09/223,558

Art Unit: 2126

by the client computer, it can be sent back to the server for future use by the original client computer or any other client computers that are connected to the server.

As to claim 8, note the discussion of claim 3.

5. Claims 4 and 9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Dale in view of APA, and further in view of Barlow U.S Patent No. 6, 275,935 and Chang.

As to claim 4, note the discussions of claims 1-2 above. Dale as modified further discloses an input (20b and 22, Fig. 3) in the first machine (client 20a, Fig. 3) for receiving object (requested HTML page, line 18 column 10) from the second machine (server 24a, Fig. 3); a processor (10, Fig. 2) in the first machine (client 20a, Fig. 3) for instantiating an object (instantiates the component, line 20 column 10). However, Dale does not teach an event handler and outputting the modified object.

Barlow discloses an event handler (an event handler, line 39-40 column 17) in handling event (the event, line 40 column 17) in combination with modifying (executed, line 40 column 17) the object (object 18, line 39 column 17). It would have been obvious to apply the teachings of Barlow to the system of Dale as modified because when the events are sent to the scripting engine from the server, it can be executed by the event handler.

Chang discloses outputting the modified object (modified objects, line 11 column 2) to a machine (the server's database, line 12 column 2). It would have been obvious to apply the teachings of Chang to the system of Dale for the same reasons as discussed in claim 3 above.

As to claim 9, note the discussion of claim 4 above.

Response to Arguments

6. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-9 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) rejection.

Applicant's arguments presented issues which required the Examiner to further view the previous rejection. The Examiner conducted a further search regarding the issues mentioned in Applicant's response. Therefore, all arguments regarding the cited references of the previous rejection are most in view of the new grounds of rejection.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to The Thanh Ho whose telephone number is 703-306-5540. A voice mail service is also available for this number. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday – Thursday, 8:30 am – 6:00 pm, and every other Friday from 8:30 am – 5:00 pm.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-305-3900.

Any response to this action should be mailed to:

Application/Control Number: 09/223,558

Art Unit: 2126

Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks

Washington, D.C 20231

Or fax to:

- AFTER-FINAL faxes must be signed and sent to (703) 746 7238
- OFFICAL faxes must be signed and sent to (703) 746 7239
- NON OFFICAL faxes should not be signed, please send to (703) 746 7240

TTH May 19, 2003

ST. JOHN COURTENAY IN PRIMARY EXAMINER

GREGORY MORSE.

GPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER
FECHNOLOGY CENTER 2100